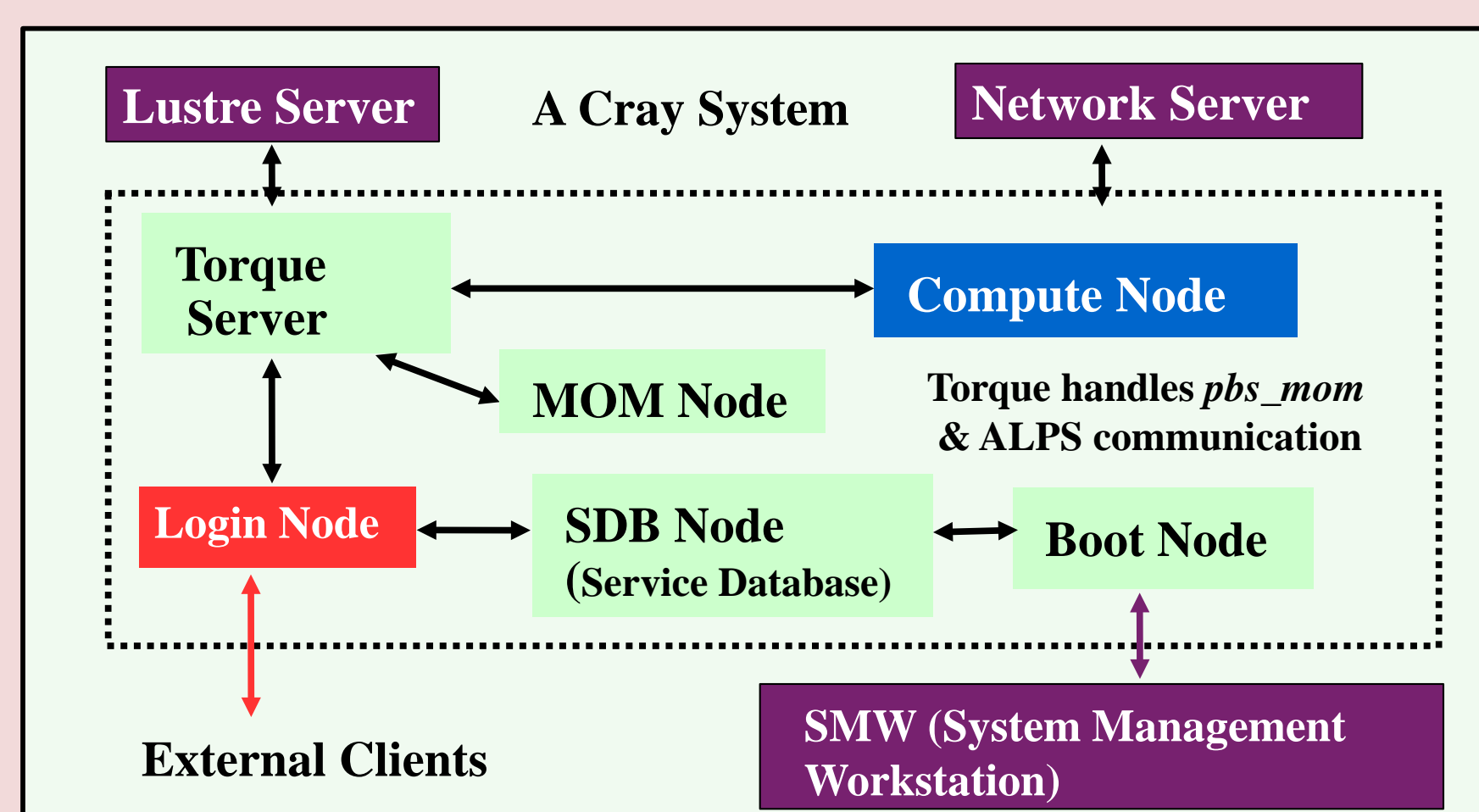
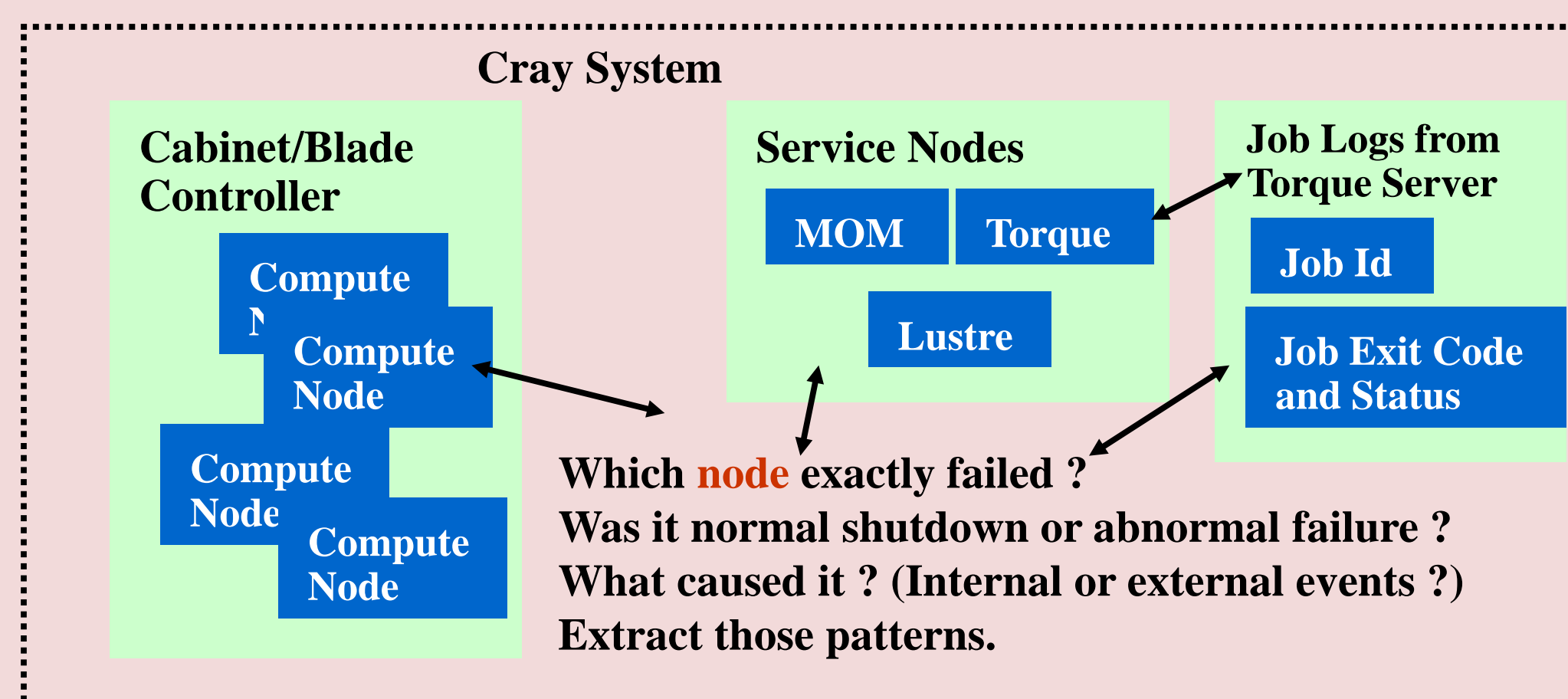


Motivation



Problems ? Overwhelming raw logs from **several sources**, diverse & complex, Finding **infrequent** node failures is painful, How to detect node failures ?
Aim - Quantify node failures, Devise a way to automate data processing and node failure identification.

Problem



Challenges ? Detecting faults **independently** without **pin-pointing** node failures is less effective for node resilience, Correlation extraction is hard.
Goal - Can automated Machine Learning Techniques help us? What features are required to extract node failures? Study logs to extract required patterns.

Contributions

Identification of patterns for indicating node failures distinguishing from mass service shutdown for maintenance based on size and time.

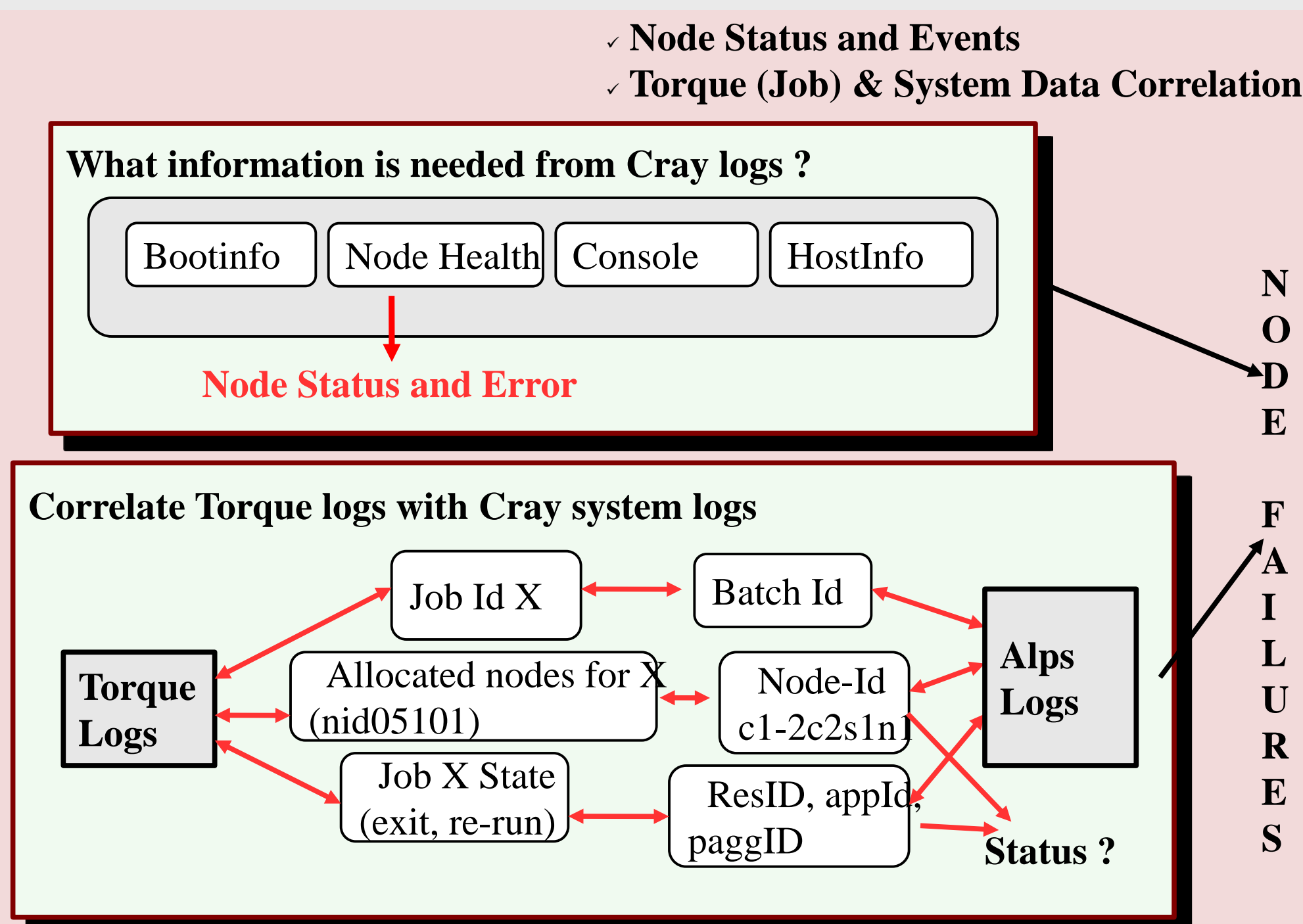
Leveraged **TOT - Topics Over Time** (continuous time based LDA - Latent Dirichlet Allocation algorithm) to estimate dynamic change in log messages.

Derivation of ways to correlate Torque (Job) logs and Cray system logs to pin-point node failures.

Table 1: Some Typical Node Failures

NodeId	Node-Type	Error
c0-0c0s0n2	Service	Node BIOS communication error
c4-0c2s0n1	Service	NMI Fault
c1-0c0s1n2	Service	Disk Queue Fatal Error
c2-0c0s7n0	Compute	Lustre Error
c3-0c2s13n3	Compute	LNET Router Error

Solution Approach



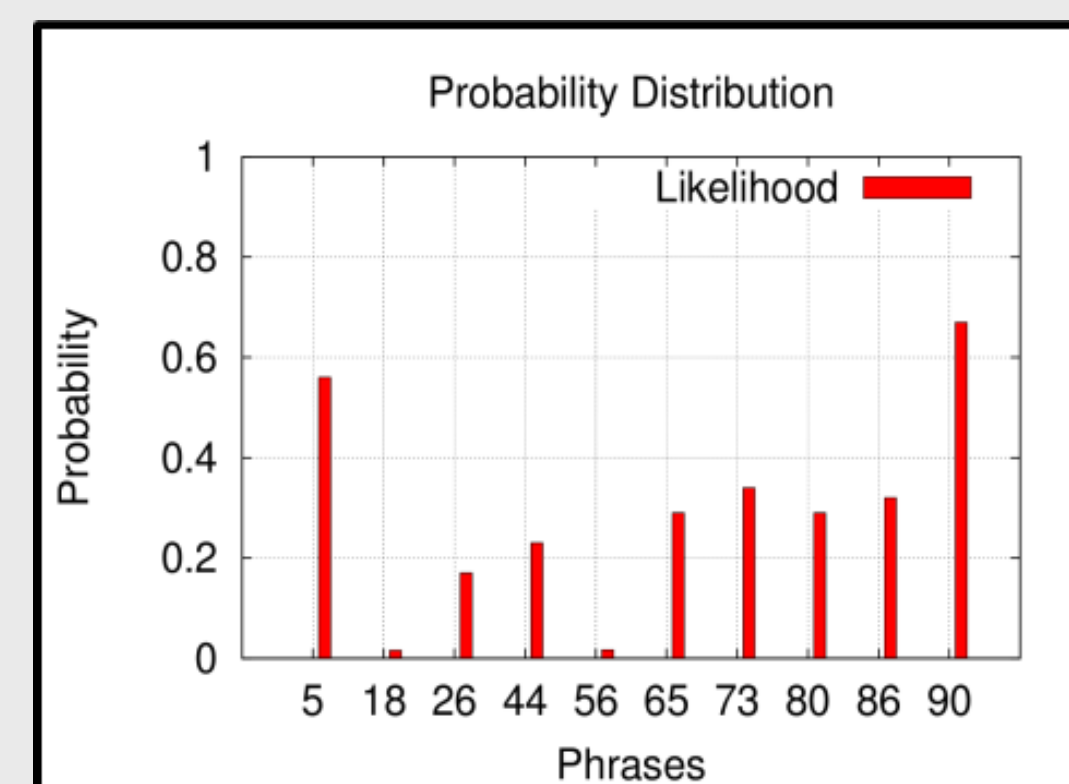
Insights and Findings

- Normal node shutdowns very frequent for maintenance (multiple chassis going down in **groups of 4**) & periodic reboots, compute node failures relatively **infrequent** compared to service nodes (Job failures & error logs)
 - Service nodes - 12 times a month
 - Compute Nodes - 3 per week
- Some **Key phrases** of interest for node failures: Failing node c1-0c0s1n2, node_unavailable, node status down, Errors, Fatal, exit codes, allocated nodes for Jobs, etc.
- Leverage Job Id & state coupled with node Id & state to **correlate** Job logs and Cray system logs for pin-pointing node failures.

(2013-04-26T00:00:41.948135-05:00, AER_BAD_TLP, 0.064),
 (2013-04-26T00:00:41.948135-05:00, ec_hw_error, 0.56)

TOT provides the dynamic phrase distribution over continuous time-series data.

Results

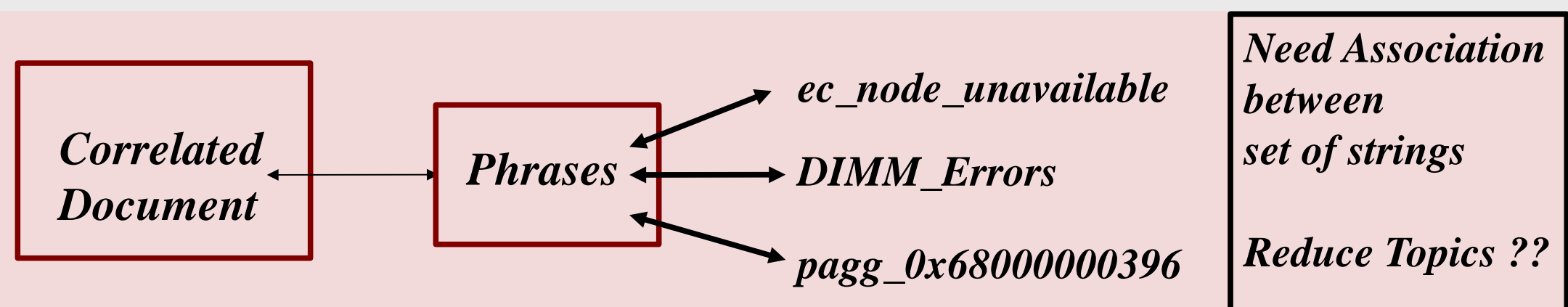


Log Data Details

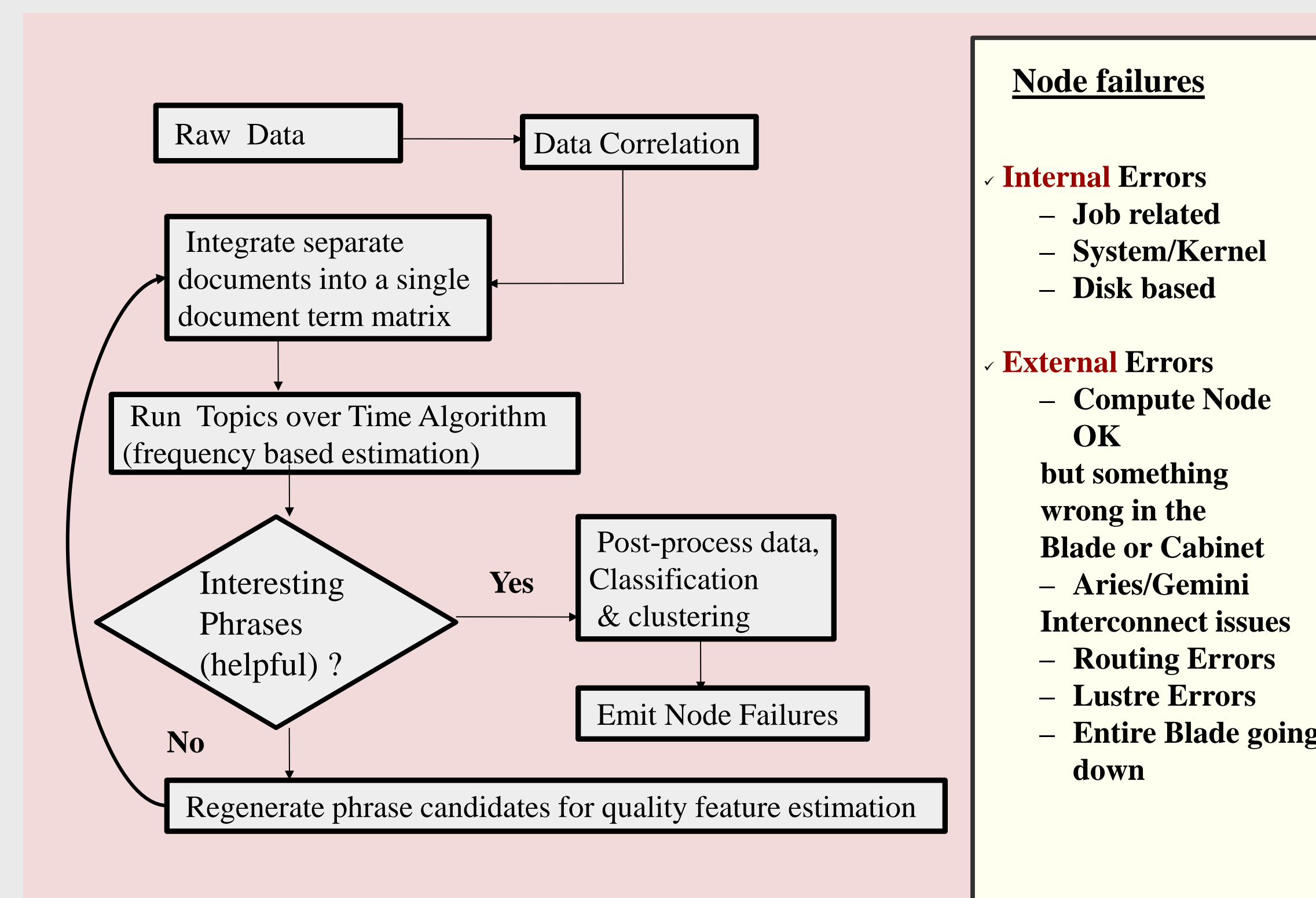
Edison, Hopper, Cori based Cray logs - Approx 3698961 files, more than 600 GB data.

Factorie toolkit, scikit-learn python packages for various libraries.

LogDiver Tool for high-level data analysis.



Overall Methodology



Conclusion

- Extracted patterns of distinction between normal mass shutdown versus an infrequent single compute node failure.
- Devised correlation between job logs with system logs.
- Performed continuous time likelihood estimation of topics from the preprocessed document for subsequent outlier detection and prediction.
- Employed the idea of long-term correlation using probability distribution of more likely events.

Future Work

- Investigate unsupervised temporal and spatial log analysis alternatives suitable for failure pattern detection.
- Study of efficient techniques to pre or post process raw data aiding Machine Learning tools for fault extraction.
- Perform data training and testing to validate efficiency.
- Devise ways to **predict** failures **before** node goes down.

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